## Bais Yaacov Bnos Malka Newsletter

לעילוי נשמת יצחק עקיבא בן אהרן ז"ל

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Parshas Vayikra

פרשת ויקרא אדר ב תשפ"ד



## Parshas Zachor

We read *Parshas Zachor* on the Shabbos before Purim. The simple reason is suggested by the *Sefer HaChinuch* – it is "מענינו של יום," the subject matter of the day. Since Haman was a descendant of Amalek, it makes sense to link Purim with the *mitzva* to remember the evil of Amalek.

Rav Karelenstein ztz"l develops other ideas as well. Adar is the month of hashra'as haShechina, and one condition for hashra'as haShechina is anava, humility. The gemara says that Hashem declares, "A ba'al ga'ava and I cannot live together." This is one of the reasons we read Parshas Shekalim in the month of Adar. The message of the mitzva of machatzis hashekel teaches the idea of anava. By myself, I am only a half; I am incomplete. While we believe that "אין עוד מלבדו"," that Hashem runs the world, Amalek denies Hashem even in the face of nes nigleh. This is the ultimate ga'ava. Amalek believes that everything that anyone accomplishes is based on his own efforts. We therefore read Parshas Zachor, which discusses our struggle against Amalek, in the month of Adar, the month of anava. During Adar, we must remind ourselves to be the exact opposite of Amalek.

Rav Karelenstein suggests another reason that we remind ourselves of the *mitzva* of *mechiyas Amalek* before Purim. Every person has beliefs and performs actions. His beliefs are in the brain, the *mo'ach*, and he performs actions with his hands. A Jew believes in *Hashem* and he believes in *kedusha*, and he must act on those beliefs and bring the *kedusha* into the world of action. The Alter of Kelm notes that the *posuk* writes, "אשר ברא אלוקים לעשות" – *Hashem* created the world "to do." Our job in this world is to **act** based on our beliefs by bringing *kedusha* into our physical lives.

Building on this *yesod*, Rav Karelenstein quotes the following deep idea from early *seforim*. The letters 1 and  $\pi$  represent *ruchniyus*. Many of the standard words referring to *ruchniyus* ideas include these letters, such as קדושה, מורה. On the other hand, the letters ' and  $\pi$  are found in many words associated with the world of action, such as עבודה, and עבודה, and שינה, and שינה, and שינה, and שינה, מחלה, מחלה, אכילה and combine the *ruchniyus* of the 1 and  $\pi$  with the action of the ' and  $\pi$ .

Chazal tells us that Hashem's name will not be shalem, complete, until Amalek is wiped out. Amalek tries to break the connection between the different letters in Hashem's name. Amalek divides between the brain – a person's beliefs – and his actions. The classic example of this is the ancestor of Amalek, Esav. Esav often had good thoughts in his head. He wanted to do kibbud av va'eim and please his father. However, Esav is the ultimate example of a person whose actions contradict his beliefs; his yetzer hara controlled him completely. Despite the fact that he had some thoughts of doing the right thing, he always actually **did** the wrong thing. This is one pshat of the fact that Esav's head ended up in Ma'aras HaMachpela – **only** his head deserved burial there!

Purim is a time when we bring *kedusha* into the *gashmiyus* world. We celebrate Purim with *mishteh* and *simcha*. This is the challenge of Purim and the challenge of life – bringing *kedusha* into the world of action. This goal is the **exact** opposite of that of Amalek. This is a third connection between *Parshas Zachor* and Purim. We remind ourselves that our job on Purim is to try to make *Hashem*'s name complete by connecting the 1 and  $\pi(ruchniyus)$  together with the 3 and  $\pi(gashmiyus)$ , the opposite of what Amalek does.

A fourth connection between Amalek and Purim can be gleaned from the Ramchal and the *Sefer HaChinuch*. The Ramchal writes that one of the lessons of Purim is "הצלתם של ישראל בגלות," that *Hashem* will save us in *golus*. The message of Purim is that *Am Yisroel* will **always** survive. *Hashem* is always with us, protecting us and watching over us, even in *golus*.

Rav Karelenstein explains that this *yesod* is also connected to Amalek. The *Sefer HaChinuch* writes:

The root of the *mitzva* [of *mechiyas Amalek*] is to impress upon our heart that whoever oppresses *Bnei Yisroel* is detested (שנאני) before *Hashem*, and according to his evil wishes of immense harm so will be his downfall and his evil fortune. Just as you find with Amalek – because he did a great evil to the Jewish People, Hashem commanded us to be *me'aveid zichro*, to wipe out his memory from the earth.

The *mitzva* of *mechiyas Amalek* teaches us that the enemies of the Jewish People will ultimately fall and be wiped out, as opposed to *Bnei Yisroel*, who will ultimately survive. As described by the Ramchal, one theme of Purim is the flipside of *mechiyas Amalek*. We read *Parshas Zachor* before Purim to remind us that the enemies of the Jewish People will fall, but the Jewish People will always survive, even in the time of *golus*.

As we read *Parshas Zachor*, we should all be *zocheh* to absorb its lessons as part of our preparation for Purim.

Have a wonderful and peaceful Shabbos, and a safe and Freilichin Purim!

Chana Ginsburg













## **Omanut Creativity!**





Kita Daled outdid themselves this week with their unbelievable display of knowledge and creativity in Teva! The class studied the different types of wildlife categories: reptiles, fish, insects, birds and mammals. Each group was explained through poster art, and then riddles were prepared for the other classes to guess and learn about each type of animal. Kol Hakavod.





## Purim Party Extravaganza!











